Docket No. Roy 1; 67108-359PUS1

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend the claims as follows. This listing of claims will replace all prior listings.

## 1.- 5. (CANCELLED)

6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for performing congestion control in a node in a connection-oriented packet-switching network, the method comprising:

receiving notification of traffic congestion at a node located in a first path connecting a source node and a destination node, wherein the first path is a non-real time connection with a Minimum Cell Rate (MCR) of R<sub>ACR</sub> and a Peak Cell Rate (PCR) of R<sub>PCR</sub>;

the <u>source</u> node ascertaining whether M alternative paths exist with available resources able to satisfy the R<sub>ACR</sub> for transferring traffic between the source node and the destination node, wherein M is equal to or greater than 1; and

the <u>source</u> node selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic between the source node and the destination node if the M alternative paths exist.

- 7. (ORIGINAL) The method as recited in Claim 6, wherein selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic, comprises selecting one of the M alternative paths which best satisfies the R<sub>ACR</sub> in accordance with one or more rules, if there are more than one of the M alternative paths.
- 8. (ORIGINAL) The method as recited in Claim 6, wherein selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic, comprises selecting one of the M alternative paths with a maximum amount unreserved resources to satisfy the R<sub>ACR</sub>, if there is more than one of the M alternative paths.

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- 9. (ORIGINAL) The method as recited in Claim 6, wherein selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic, comprises selecting one of the M alternative paths with a least amount unreserved resources but enough unreserved resources to support the R<sub>ACR</sub>, if there is more than one of the M alternative paths.
- 10. (ORIGINAL) The method as recited in Claim 6, wherein selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic, comprises selecting a first one of the M alternative paths found to satisfy the R<sub>ACR</sub>, if there is more than one of the M alternative paths.
- 11. (ORIGINAL) The method as recited in Claim 6, wherein selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic, comprises selecting one of the M alternative paths that satisfies the R<sub>ACR</sub> according to one or more custom criteria, if there is more than one of the M alternative paths.
- 12. (ORIGINAL) The method as recited in Claim 6, wherein selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic, comprises selecting one of the M alternative paths that satisfies the R<sub>ACR</sub> according to one or more fuzzy rules, if there is more than one of the M alternative paths.
- 13. (CANCELLED)
- 14. (CANCELLED)

15. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) One or more computer-readable media having stored thereon computer executable instructions that, when executed by one or more processors, causes a computer to:

receive notification of traffic congestion at a node located in a first path connecting a source node and a destination node, wherein the first path is a non-real time connection with a Minimum Cell Rate ( $R_{MCR}$ ) and Peak Cell Rate (PCR) of  $R_{PCR}$ ;

ascertain whether M alternative paths exist with available resources able to satisfy the  $R_{PCR}$  for transferring traffic between the source node and the destination node, wherein M is equal to or greater than 1; and

select one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic between the source node and the destination node if the M alternative paths exist.

16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for performing congestion control in a node in a connection-oriented packet-switching network, the method comprising:

receiving notification of traffic congestion at a node located in a first path connecting a source node and a destination node, wherein the first path is a non-real time connection with a Minimum Cell Rate ( $R_{MCR}$ ) and Peak Cell Rate (PCR) of  $R_{PCR}$ ;

the <u>source</u> node ascertaining whether M alternative paths exist with available resources able to satisfy the R<sub>ACR</sub> for transferring traffic between the source node and the destination node, wherein M is equal to or greater than 1;

the node selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic between the source node and the destination node if the M alternative paths exist:

the source node ascertaining whether X alternative paths exist with available resources

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able to satisfy a reduced Available Cell Rate (ACR) of  $\underline{R'_{ACR}}R_{ACR}$ , if M alternative paths do not exist, wherein  $\underline{R'_{ACR}}R_{ACR}$  is less than the  $R_{ACR}$ , but is greater than a new ACR for the first path if rate control is instituted to eliminate the traffic congestion; and

the <u>source</u> node selecting one of the X alternative paths to reroute the traffic between the source node and the destination node if the X alternative paths exist.

## 17. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A system, comprising:

means for receiving notification of traffic congestion at a node located in a first path connecting a source node and a destination node, wherein the first path is a non-real time connection with a Minimum Cell Rate ( $R_{MCR}$ ) and Peak Cell Rate (PCR) of  $R_{PCR}$ ;

means at the <u>source</u> node for ascertaining whether M alternative paths exist with available resources able to satisfy the R<sub>ACR</sub> for transferring traffic between the source node and the destination node, wherein M is equal to or greater than 1; and

means at the <u>source</u> node for selecting one of the M alternative paths to reroute the traffic between the source node and the destination node if the M alternative paths exist.

18. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The system as recited in Claim 17 further comprising means for ascertaining whether X alternative paths exist with available resources able to satisfy a reduced Available Cell Rate (ACR) of R'ACR RACR, if M alternative paths do not exist, wherein R'ACR RACR is less than the RACR, but is greater than a new ACR for the first path if rate control is instituted to eliminate the traffic congestion; and

means for selecting one of the X alternative paths to reroute the traffic between the source node and the destination node if the X alternative paths exist.